



INSTRUCTIONS FOR AUTHORS

Research papers

Only original and unpublished works will be accepted. Papers should be written in English, Spanish, or French using Microsoft Word (Times New Roman 12, 1.5-spaced). Papers will be accepted as Studies (between 55,000 and 85,000 characters) or Notes (between 30,000 and 55,000 characters) and must include title, abstract, and keywords in English, Spanish, and French.

Headings and Summary

The paper should be structured with the following headings and subheadings: sequence of numerals - I (II, III, IV ...) -1 (2,3,4 ...) -A (B, C, D ...) -a (b, c, d, ...) -i (ii, iii, iv ...). Manuscripts must be accompanied by a Summary in outline form with the numeral order listed above.

Style and references

The references must be listed alphabetically by last name of the author, written in capital letters. Numbered citations should be inserted at the bottom of each page using Arabic numerals.

<i>Books</i>	AUTHOR <i>title</i> publisher city year page(s) CURRIE, J., <i>Public International Law</i> , Irwin Law, Toronto, 2008, pp. 14-23.
<i>Case-law</i>	National and international case law must be cited according to the system of each Court or Tribunal.
<i>Conference papers</i>	AUTHOR title event city date page(s) BORROWS, J., "Remedying Reliance: The Future Development of Promissory and Proprietary Estoppel in English Law", Obligations III Conference, Brisbane, 3 July 2006, p. 25.
<i>Contributions to edited books</i>	AUTHOR title in editor(s) <i>title</i> publisher city year page(s)

	ROSE, F., “The Evolution of the Species” in BURROWS, A. and RODGER, A., (eds.), <i>Mapping the Law: Essays in Memory of Peter Birks</i> , Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2006, pp. 16-17.
<i>EU legislation</i>	Council Regulation (EC) 139/2004 on the control of concentrations between undertakings [2004] OJ L24/1.
<i>Journal articles</i>	AUTHOR title <i>journal</i> volume issue year page(s) PAPANICOLOPULU, I., “The Note on Maritime Delimitation in a Multizonal Context: The Case of the Mediterranean”, <i>Ocean Development and International Law</i> , Vol. 38, No. 4, 2007, pp. 13-30.
<i>Newspapers</i>	AUTHOR title <i>newspaper</i> date SMITH, I., “The Last Minute”, <i>The Times</i> , 1 July 2018 AUTHOR title <i>newspaper</i> date url date of access LOADER, I., “The Great Victim of this Get Tough Hyperactivity is Labour”, <i>The Guardian</i> , 19 June 2008, www.guardian.co.uk/commentisfree/2008/jun/19/justice.ukcrime , accessed 19 November 2009.
<i>Reports</i>	AUTHOR title report number (if any) publisher name date page(s) BEDFORD, D., “Enterprise information architecture: An overview”, Report No. WA-RD 896.4, Washington State Department of Transportation, 2017, p. 27.
<i>Thesis (unpublished)</i>	AUTHOR title kind university year page(s) HERBERG, J., “Injunctive Relief for Wrongful Termination of Employment”, Ph.D. thesis, University of Oxford, 1989, p. 17.
<i>Treaties</i>	International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, adopted 16 December 1966, entered into force 23 March 1976, 999 UNTS 171.
<i>United Nations documents</i>	AUTHOR title date UN Doc document number

	UNGA, Rules of Procedure in the General Assembly, 2008, UN Doc A/520/Rev.17
<i>Websites and blogs</i>	AUTHOR title <i>website/blog title</i> date date of access PRANTL, J. and KYSEL, I.M., “Generous, but Equal Treatment? Anti-Discrimination Duties of States Hosting Refugees Fleeing Ukraine”, <i>EJIL:Talk!, Blog of the European Journal of International Law</i> , 2 May 2022, accessed 19 November 2022.

General style points

<i>Abbreviations</i>	Abbreviation is not mandatory but may be used to avoid repetition of lengthy material. Clarity, consistency, and comprehensibility are essential. If a term is used only once in a given report, no abbreviation should be used. Any term needs to be spelled out the first time it is used, followed by the abbreviation or acronym to be used in parentheses (United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS)).
<i>Dates</i>	Dates, including dates mentioned in the footnotes, should be written in the sequence day-month-year, without internal punctuation (23 April 1996).
<i>Electronic sources</i>	If you source a publication online which is also available in hard copy, cite the hard copy version. There is no need to cite an electronic source for such a publication. Citations of publications that are available only electronically should end with the web address (or ‘url’), followed by the date of most recent access, expressed in the form ‘accessed 1 January 2010’.
<i>Figures and tables</i>	Tables and/or figures should have short, descriptive titles, provide legends, be numbered consecutively, and should be cited in the text.
<i>Footnotes</i>	When a footnote for a subsequent reference is needed, it should contain the identification of the source, a cross-referencing signal (<i>ibid</i> , <i>op. cit.</i>), and if necessary, the pinpoint reference. <i>Ibid</i> may only be used if is preceded by a single citation. If there is more than one citation in the preceding note, <i>op. cit.</i> must be used in order to indicate which citation is intended.
<i>Italics</i>	Italicize uncommon foreign words or phrases.

<i>Numbers</i>	Spell out numbers 1 through 10. For all other numbers, figures are used. Any whole numbers followed by hundred, thousand, million, etc. are spelled out as well.
<i>Pinpoint</i>	Pinpoints to chapters, pages and paragraphs come at the end of the citation. Use 'ch' for chapter, 'p' for page, and 'para' for paragraph.
<i>Quotations</i>	If the quotation contains fifty or more words, indent in block form, single space, without quotation marks. Quoted words, phrases, and sentences of less than fifty words are run into the text and enclosed in double quotation marks.
<i>Spelling</i>	The Oxford Dictionary should be referred to if questions arise. Capitalize chapter, figure, table, section in specific textual references and use numerals
<i>Superscript</i>	Superscript numbers are placed outside full stops and commas.
<i>Titles</i>	Italicise titles of books and similar publications. Capitalize the first letter in all major words in a title. Minor words, such as 'for', 'and', 'or' and 'the', do not take a capital unless they begin the title or subtitle.